

Total expected annual savings in 2021	Total expected annual savings in 2022	Total expected annual savings in 2023	Total expected annual savings in 2024	Total expected annual savings in 2025	Total expected annual savings in 2026	Total expected annual savings in 2027	Total expected annual savings in 2028	Total expected annual savings in 2029
116,56	233,12	349,68	466,24	582,8	699,36	815,92	932,48	1049,04

Savings requirement for 2021-2030: 6410,8 ktoe

Total expected annual savings in 2030
1165,6

References to points in Annex III of GOV

3.2) Alternative policy measures referred to in Article 7b and Article 20(6) (except taxation measures)

including information about 4) Calculation methodology and 5) Monitoring and Verification

[Duplicate this tab if there are several alternative measures to notify. / Delete this tab if no alternative measure is planned for 2021-2030]

3.2.a) to 3.2.b) General information

	Title of the policy measure	Competitive subsidy scheme related to private enterprises
3.2.a)	Type of policy measure	Subsidy scheme
3.2.a)	Short description of the policy measure (including design features)	The scheme allocates DKK 300 million for each year in the period 2021-2024. The scheme is planned to be implemented as a subsidy scheme with a competitive bidding procedure. Subsidy is granted based on the ratio of subsidy per saved kWh in the individual projects. Subsidies are first granted to the project with the lowest costs per saved kWh, then to the one representing the second lowest costs, and so forth. The scheme is aimed at achieving energy savings in businesses, and is open to energy saving projects in all types of energy in all private sectors in Denmark and all types of activities in Denmark
Useful information	Budget planned or estimated	dkk 300 mio. per year in 2021-2024
	Source(s) of information (including the reference of the related law or other legal text(s))	A proposal to the legal basis (change of law) will be submitted to the Parliament i February 2020.

3.2.c) Expected savings for 2021-2030 and intermediate period(s) (point 5(d) of Annex V)

	Expected cumulative end-use energy savings	983,1 ktoe
	Expected new annual end-use energy savings and/or amount of energy savings in relation to any intermediate periods	28,9 ktoe/year
	Intermediate period(s), where relevant	The scheme is scheduled to end in 2024

Useful information	Complementary explanations (when relevant)	The expected saving is calculated from a frozen policy scenario, where instruments and actions from the Energy Agreement from June 2018, from the energy policy agreement of March 2012 and subsequent adjustments are included. The Energy Agreement from June 2018 includes new energy efficiency measures in the period 2021-2024. In 2024 a stocking will take place and the need for new measures will be evaluated.
--------------------	---	---

3.2.d) to 3.2.g) 3.2.d) to 3.2.g) Key design features

3.2.d)	Implementing public authorities, participating or entrusted parties and their responsibilities for implementing the policy measure (points 3(b) and 5(b) of Annex V)	Danish Energy Agency
3.2.e)	Target sectors (point 5(c) of Annex V)	Energy saving projects in all types of energy in all private sectors in Denmark and all types of activities in Denmark including: Industry/manufacturing, agriculture, fisheries, forestry, horticulture, construction and manufacturing, energy in private service and retail
3.2.f)	Individual actions eligible to the alternative measure (point 5(f) of Annex V) and corresponding lifetimes (points 2(i) and 5(h) of Annex V)	The scheme targets energy savings in industry. The full list of eligible individual actions, that can recieve aid under the scheme will be finalized in 2020.

3.2.g)	Specific policy measures or individual actions targeting energy poverty (where applicable)	Not applicable
--------	--	----------------

4) Calculation methodology (requirements related to Annex V)

4.a) to 4.c) 4.a) to 4.c) General information about the calculation methodology

4.a)	Measurement method(s) used (point 1 of Annex V)	A mix of deemed savings and metered savings based on the before and after situation.
4.b)	Metric(s) used to express the energy savings (primary or final energy savings) (point 3(d) of Annex V)	Final energy savings
4.c)	How lifetimes (and possible changes in savings over time) are taken into account in savings calculations (points 2(i) and 5(h) of Annex V)	All eligible individual actions must be placed in a lifetime category at the time of application for aid. The lifetimes are set beforehand by the DEA on basis of independant studies and reflect lifetimes of actions in industry, when taking the lifetime of the replaced equipment and additionality in to account.
	Approach used to take into account the lifetime of savings and main datasources used to calculate the savings	Savings are calculated on the basis of data for all the individual actions
Useful information	Other sources of information or references (e.g. studies, evaluation reports) where more explanations and details about the savings calculations can be found	

4.d) Additionality and materiality (requirements related to point 5(g) of Annex V)

	Brief description of the calculation methodology; including how is additionality taken into account in the calculation methodology? (Annex V(2))	The direct calculated savings are reduced by a additionality factor of 50 pct. However this metode is still undergoing further validation. It is not expected, that the validation proces will lower the additionality factor and thus the final end-use energy savings
	Does the policy measure promote early replacements? If so, how is it taken into account in the calculation of the savings? (point 2(f) of Annex V)	
	Benchmarks used for deemed and scaled savings (in case deemed or scaled savings are used) (point 1(c) of Annex V)	
	How is materiality of savings ensured? (point 3(h) of Annex V)	

4.e) Possible overlaps (between policy measures and between individual actions) and double counting

	Possible overlaps between individual actions eligible to the EEO scheme	The administation system will secure that the same project cannot be counted twice.
	Possible overlaps between the EEO scheme and alternative measure(s) reported to Article 7	Not relevant
	How are possible overlaps (between the EEO scheme and alternative measures) addressed to avoid any double counting of energy savings? (point 3(g) of Annex V)	Not relevant

4.f) Climatic variations (where relevant) (points 2(h) and 5(i) of Annex V)

	Are the climatic variations between regions? And can they affect the actions eligible to the policy measure? (where relevant) How climatic variations are addressed in savings calculations?	The small geographical scope of Denmark (42.933 km ²) limits the possible climatic variations.
--	--	--

5) Monitoring and verification (M&V) of savings (point 5(j) of Annex V)

5.a)	Brief description of the monitoring & verification system and of the process of verification	<p>The system for monitoring and verification will be finalized in 2020 as part of the legislative proces for the scheme.</p> <p>The aid will be granted to the recipients based on the calculated energy savings, so that aid is granted based on the amount of generated kWh over the lifetime of the energy saving. Savings are calculated by using standard values for the lifetimes of the eligible actions. These standard values are set by the DEA. The DEA asseses each application and grants the aid. The aid is paid out after the completion of the energy savings project, and after the applicant has provided sufficient documentation hereof.</p>
5.b)	Authorities responsible for the M&V of the policy measure	Danish Energy Agency
5.c)	Independence of the M&V from the participating or entrusted parties (point 2 of article 7b)	The M&V is carried out by the DEA.
5.d)	Verification of statistically representative samples (point 2 of Article 7b)	Each application will be assessed by the DEA. Before payment of the aid, the applicant must provide sufficient documentation for the completion of the project. The DEA will review this documentation for each project.
5.f)	Publication of energy savings achieved each year under the policy measure (point 3(e) of Annex V)	Plan for publication of the results of the scheme will be finalized in 2020 as part of the legislative proces for the scheme.
5.g)	Penalties applied in case of non-compliance (and related references, including the law or other legal texts setting the penalties and related conditions)	The system for monitoring and verification will be finalized in 2020 as part of the legislative proces for the scheme.
5.h)	Provision(s) in case the progress of the policy measure is not satisfactory (point 3(f) of Annex V)	Plan for evaluation and any additional meassures will be finalized in 2020 as part of the legislative proces for the scheme.

Information about quality standards (point 2(g) of Annex V)

Useful information	How are quality standards (for products, services and installation of measures) promoted or required by the policy measure?	
---------------------------	--	--

Complementary information or explanations (optional)

Useful information	Mention here any other information of explanation that can be useful for experience sharing	
---------------------------	--	--

<i>(in case of changes over time)</i>	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Expected new annual end-use energy savings (in ktoe/y)	28,9	28,9	28,9	28,9						

References to points in Annex III of GOV

3.2) Alternative policy measures referred to in Article 7b and Article 20(6) (except taxation measures)

including information about 4) Calculation methodology and 5) Monitoring and Verification

[Duplicate this tab if there are several alternative measures to notify. / Delete this tab if no alternative measure is planned for 2021-2030]

3.2.a) to 3.2.b) General information

	Title of the policy measure	Competitive subsidy scheme related buildings
3.2.a)	Type of policy measure	Subsidy scheme
3.2.a)	Short description of the policy measure (including design features)	The subsidy scheme related to buildings allocates DKK 200 million for each year in the period 2021-2024. The scheme is planned to be implemented as a competitive based subsidy scheme aimed at achieving energy savings in buildings. Financial aid will be given to owners of buildings who have renovated their buildings in accordance with a specific list of energy savings belonging to the subsidy scheme. In order to achieve as much savings as possible the projects will compete in relation to the amount of energy savings per square meter in the application. Furthermore the energy label for buildings is planned to be used in the scheme, and data from the label used for documentation. To help realization of energy savings in private buildings there will also be focus on campaigns aiming at support realizing the potential for energy savings.
Useful information	Budget planned or estimated	dkk 200 mio. per year in 2021-2024
	Source(s) of information (including the reference of the related law or other legal text(s))	A proposal to the legal basis (change of law) will be submitted to the Parliament i February 2020.
3.2.c) Expected savings for 2021-2030 and intermediate period(s) (point 5(d) of Annex V)		
	Expected cumulative end-use energy savings	241,4 ktoe
	Expected new annual end-use energy savings and/or amount of energy savings in relation to any intermediate periods	7,165 ktoe/year
	Intermediate period(s), where relevant	The scheme is scheduled to end in 2024
Useful information	Complementary explanations (when relevant)	The expected saving is calculated from a frozen policy scenario, where instruments and actions from the Energy Agreement from June 2018, from the energy policy agreement of March 2012 and subsequent adjustments are included. The Energy Agreement from June 2018 includes new energy efficiency measures in the period 2021-2024. In 2024 a stocking will take place and the need for new measures will be evaluated.

3.2.d) to 3.2.g) Key design features

3.2.d)	Implementing public authorities, participating or entrusted parties and their responsibilities for implementing the policy measure (points 3(b) and 5(b) of Annex V)	Danish Energy Agency
3.2.e)	Target sectors (point 5(c) of Annex V)	Buildings

3.2.f)	Individual actions eligible to the alternative measure (point 5(f) of Annex V) and corresponding lifetimes (points 2(i) and 5(h) of Annex V)	The scheme targets energy savings in existing residential buildings. The full list of eligible individual actions, that can receive aid under the scheme will be finalized in 2020.
3.2.g)	Specific policy measures or individual actions targeting energy poverty (where applicable)	Not applicable

4) Calculation methodology (requirements related to Annex V)

4.a) to 4.c) 4.a) to 4.c) General information about the calculation methodology

4.a)	Measurement method(s) used (point 1 of Annex V)	Deemed savings calculated on the basis of data for u-value etc. before and after for the actual actions
4.b)	Metric(s) used to express the energy savings (primary or final energy savings) (point 3(d) of Annex V)	Final energy saving
4.c)	How lifetimes (and possible changes in savings over time) are taken into account in savings calculations (points 2(i) and 5(h) of Annex V)	The scheme have focus on building renovation, where the lifetime in general is 20 year or more. No change in savings over lifetime
	Approach used to take into account the lifetime of savings and main datasources used to calculate the savings	Savings are calculated on the basis of data for all the individual actions
Useful information	Other sources of information or references (e.g. studies, evaluation reports) where more explanations and details about the savings calculations can be found	

4.d) Additionality and materiality (requirements related to point 5(g) of Annex V)

	Brief description of the calculation methodology; including how is additionality taken into account in the calculation methodology? (Annex V(2))	The direct calculated savings are reduced by a additionality factor of 50 pct. However this metode is still undergoing further validation. It is not expected, that the validation proces will lower the additionality factor and thus the final end-use energy savings
	Does the policy measure promote early replacements? If so, how is it taken into account in the calculation of the savings? (point 2(f) of Annex V)	No
	Benchmarks used for deemed and scaled savings (in case deemed or scaled savings are used) (point 1(c) of Annex V)	The actual performance (U-value, etc.) for the actual building element
	How is materiality of savings ensured? (point 3(h) of Annex V)	Only savings which get a subsidy from the scheme. The implementation of the savings can not begin before the building owner has been promised a subsidy from the Government.

4.e) Possible overlaps (between policy measures and between individual actions) and double counting

	Possible overlaps between individual actions eligible to the EEO scheme	The administration system will secure that the same project cannot be counted twice.
	Possible overlaps between the EEO scheme and alternative measure(s) reported to Article 7	Not relevant
	How are possible overlaps (between the EEO scheme and alternative measures) addressed to avoid any double counting of energy savings? (point 3(g) of Annex V)	Not relevant

4.f) Climatic variations (where relevant) (points 2(h) and 5(i) of Annex V)

	Are the climatic variations between regions? And can they affect the actions eligible to the policy measure?	The small geographical scope of Denmark (42.933 km ²) limits the possible climatic variations.
--	---	--

(where relevant) How climatic variations are addressed in savings calculations?

5) Monitoring and verification (M&V) of savings (point 5(j) of Annex V)

5.a)	Brief description of the monitoring & verification system and of the process of verification	The system for monitoring and verification will be finalized in 2020 as part of the legislative proces for the scheme. The aid will be granted to the recipients based on the calculated energy savings, so that aid is granted based on the amount of generated kWh over the lifetime of the energy saving. Savings are calculated by using standard values for each eligible individual action. These standard values are set by the DEA. The DEA asseses each application and grants the aid. The aid is paid out after the completion of the energy savings project, and after the applicant has provided sufficient documentation hereof.
5.b)	Authorities responsible for the M&V of the policy measure	Danish Energy Agency
5.c)	Independence of the M&V from the participating or entrusted parties (point 2 of article 7b)	The M&V is carried out by the DEA.
5.d)	Verification of statistically representative samples (point 2 of Article 7b)	Each application will be assessed by the DEA. Before payment of the aid, the applicant must provide sufficient documentation for the completion of the project. The DEA will review this documentation for each project.
5.f)	Publication of energy savings achieved each year under the policy measure (point 3(e) of Annex V)	Plan for publication of the results of the scheme will be finalized in 2020 as part of the legislative proces for the scheme.
5.g)	Penalties applied in case of non-compliance (and related references, including the law or other legal texts setting the penalties and related conditions)	The system for monitoring and verification will be finalized in 2020 as part of the legislative proces for the scheme.
5.h)	Provision(s) in case the progress of the policy measure is not satisfactory (point 3(f) of Annex V)	Plan for evaluation and any additional meassures will be finalized in 2020 as part of the legislative proces for the scheme.

Information about quality standards (point 2(g) of Annex V)

Useful information	How are quality standards (for products, services and installation of measures) promoted or required by the policy measure?	Subsidy will only be given to project who implement the full cost-effective saving potential related to the actual project.
---------------------------	--	---

Complementary information or explanations (optional)

Useful information	Mention here any other information of explanation that can be useful for experience sharing	
---------------------------	--	--

<i>(in case of changes over time)</i>	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Expected new annual end-use energy savings (in ktoe/y)	7,165	7,165	7,165	7,165						

References to points in Annex III of GOV

3.2) Alternative policy measures referred to in Article 7b and Article 20(6) (except taxation measures)

including information about 4) Calculation methodology and 5) Monitoring and Verification

[Duplicate this tab if there are several alternative measures to notify. / Delete this tab if no alternative measure is planned for 2021-2030]

3.2.a) to 3.2.b) General information

	Title of the policy measure	Existing measures related to buildings
3.2.a)	Type of policy measure	Building codes and certification of buildings in combination with information, etc.
3.2.a)	Short description of the policy measure (including design features)	Activ information campaigns, knowledgde sharing, activ use of data and digitalisation, etc. in combination with the requirements in the building codes and the ernergy certification of buildings will deliver new savings every year
Useful information	Budget planned or estimated	
	budget planned or estimated	Annual budget for information, BR18 - Bygningsreglementer 2018 (building code 2018) http://bygningsreglementet.dk/
3.2.c)	Expected savings for 2021-2030 and intermediate period(s) (point 5(d) of Annex V)	
	Expected cumulative end-use energy savings	656,8 ktoe
	Expected new annual end-use energy savings and/or amount of energy savings in relation to any intermediate periods	11,9 ktoe/year
	Intermediate period(s), where relevant	
Useful information	Complementary explanations (when relevant)	

3.2.d) to 3.2.g) Key design features

3.2.d)	Implementing public authorities, participating or entrusted parties and their responsibilities for implementing the policy measure (points 3(b) and 5(b) of Annex V)	Danish Energy Agency, Danish Building and Property Agency
3.2.e)	Target sectors (point 5(c) of Annex V)	Buildings
3.2.f)	Individual actions eligible to the alternative measure (point 5(f) of Annex V) and corresponding lifetimes (points 2(i) and 5(h) of Annex V)	Reduction of energy consumption for heating og existing buildings. All actions which reduce the consumption are allowed.
3.2.g)	Specific policy measures or individual actions targeting energy poverty (where applicable)	Not applicable

4) Calculation methodology (requirements related to Annex V)

4.a) to 4.c) General information about the calculation methodology

4.a)	Measurement method(s) used (point 1 of Annex V)	Calculated on the basis of data of the reduction of energy consumption per m2 for heating in Denmarks Energy and Climate Outlook. The baseline is the consumption per m2 in 2020. The savings is the difference corrected for the effect of the subsidy scheme for buildings (AltMeasure02)
------	--	---

4.b)	Metric(s) used to express the energy savings (primary or final energy savings) (point 3(d) of Annex V)	Final energy savings
4.c)	How lifetimes (and possible changes in savings over time) are taken into account in savings calculations (points 2(i) and 5(h) of Annex V)	The saving are calculated as the reduction of consumption every year compared to a baseline with constant consumption per m2.
	Approach used to take into account the lifetime of savings and main datasources used to calculate the savings	
Useful information	Other sources of information or references (e.g. studies, evaluation reports) where more explanations and details about the savings calculations can be found	

4.d) Additionality and materiality (requirements related to point 5(g) of Annex V)

	Brief description of the calculation methodology; including how is additionality taken into account in the calculation methodology? (Annex V(2))	The saving are calculated as the reduction of consumption every year compared to a baseline with constant consumption per m2.
	Does the policy measure promote early replacements? If so, how is it taken into account in the calculation of the savings? (point 2(f) of Annex V)	No
	Benchmarks used for deemed and scaled savings (in case deemed or scaled savings are used) (point 1(c) of Annex V)	
	How is materiality of savings ensured? (point 3(h) of Annex V)	Reduction in actual consumption

4.e) Possible overlaps (between policy measures and between individual actions) and double counting

	Possible overlaps between individual actions eligible to the EEO scheme	The reduction in consumption is corrected for the effect of the subsidy scheme
	Possible overlaps between the EEO scheme and alternative measure(s) reported to Article 7	Not relevant
	How are possible overlaps (between the EEO scheme and alternative measures) addressed to avoid any double counting of energy savings? (point 3(g) of Annex V)	

4.f) Climatic variations (where relevant) (points 2(h) and 5(i) of Annex V)

	Are the climatic variations between regions? And can they affect the actions eligible to the policy measure? (where relevant) How climatic variations are addressed in savings calculations?	The small geographical scope of Denmark (42.933 km2) limits the possible climatic variations.
--	--	---

5) Monitoring and verification (M&V) of savings (point 5(j) of Annex V)

5.a)	Brief description of the monitoring & verification system and of the process of verification	Will be based on the development of the actual consumption in the official Danish Energy Statistic.
5.b)	Authorities responsible for the M&V of the policy measure	Danish Energy Agency
5.c)	Independence of the M&V from the participating or entrusted parties (point 2 of article 7b)	Not relevant
5.d)	Verification of statistically representative samples (point 2 of Article 7b)	Will be based on the development of the total energy consumption for heating

5.f)	Publication of energy savings achieved each year under the policy measure (point 3(e) of Annex V)	annual report
------	--	---------------

5.g)	Penalties applied in case of non-compliance (and related references, including the law or other legal texts setting the penalties and related conditions)	No
------	--	----

5.h)	Provision(s) in case the progress of the policy measure is not satisfactory (point 3(f) of Annex V)	
------	--	--

Information about quality standards (point 2(g) of Annex V)

Useful information	How are quality standards (for products, services and installation of measures) promoted or required by the policy measure?	
--------------------	---	--

Complementary information or explanations (optional)

Useful information	Mention here any other information of explanation that can be useful for experience sharing	
--------------------	---	--

References to points in Annex III of GOV

3.2) Alternative policy measures referred to in Article 7b and Article 20(6) (except taxation measures)

including information about 4) Calculation methodology and 5) Monitoring and Verification

[Duplicate this tab if there are several alternative measures to notify. / Delete this tab if no alternative measure is planned for 2021-2030]

3.2.a) to 3.2.b) General information

To be updated

	Title of the policy measure	Subsidy scheme to replace oil burners with heat pumps in buildings outside the district heating and gas grids
3.2.a)	Type of policy measure	Subsidy scheme
3.2.a)	Short description of the policy measure (including design features)	The subsidy scheme allocates DKK 20 million for each year in the period 2021-2024. The scheme is planned to be implemented as a subsidy scheme with the objective to replace oil burners with heat pumps in buildings located in areas without access to district heating or the gas grid.
Useful information	Budget planned or estimated	dkk 20 mio.
	Source(s) of information (including the reference of the related law or other legal text(s))	To be updated

3.2.c) Expected savings for 2021-2030 and intermediate period(s) (point 5(d) of Annex V)

To be updated

	Expected cumulative end-use energy savings	ktoe
	Expected new annual end-use energy savings and/or amount of energy savings in relation to any intermediate periods	ktoe/year
	Intermediate period(s), where relevant	

Useful information

Complementary explanations (when relevant)

3.2.d) to 3.2.g) Key design features

To be updated

	Implementing public authorities, participating or entrusted parties and their responsibilities for implementing the policy measure (points 3(b) and 5(b) of Annex V)	
3.2.e)	Target sectors (point 5(c) of Annex V)	
3.2.f)	Individual actions eligible to the alternative measure (point 5(f) of Annex V) and corresponding lifetimes (points 2(i) and 5(h) of Annex V)	<p><i>(Mention here the categories of individual actions that can receive financial incentives or other types of support from the alternative measure, or that are promoted by the alternative measure through regulations, information or any type of policy instrument + mention in the tab "4.c-Lifetimes" the lifetime values assumed for the different types or categories of actions)</i></p> <p><i>(in case the list of action types would be too long, mention here the main eligibility criteria, together with a link where the list can be found or provide this list as a separate file)</i></p>

Energibesprojekter

3.2.g)	Specific policy measures or individual actions targeting energy poverty (where applicable)	Not applicable
--------	--	----------------

4) Calculation methodology (requirements related to Annex V)

4.a) to 4.c) 4.a) to 4.c) General information about the calculation methodology

To be updated	
4.a)	Measurement method(s) used (point 1 of Annex V) <i>(Mention the methods used according to the typology defined in Annex V(1): (a) deemed savings / (b) metered savings / (c) scaled savings / (d) surveyed savings. In case another type of method is used, please explain .)</i>
4.b)	Metric(s) used to express the energy savings (primary or final energy savings) (point 3(d) of Annex V) Final energy savings
4.c)	How lifetimes (and possible changes in savings over time) are taken into account in savings calculations (points 2(i) and 5(h) of Annex V) <i>(Add explanations here, especially if a method different from the one presented in point 2(i) of Annex V is used)</i>
	Approach used to take into account the lifetime of savings and main datasources used to calculate the savings
Useful information	Other sources of information or references (e.g. studies, evaluation reports) where more explanations and details about the savings calculations can be found

4.d) Additionality and materiality (requirements related to point 5(g) of Annex V)

To be updated	
	Brief description of the calculation methodology; including how is additionality taken into account in the calculation methodology? (Annex V(2)) <i>(explain here how the calculation methodology complies with points (a) to (c) of Annex V(2), including how the effects of EU laws and regulations are taken into account, as required by points 2(b) and 2(c) of Annex V)</i>
	Does the policy measure promote early replacements? If so, how is it taken into account in the calculation of the savings? (point 2(f) of Annex V)
	Benchmarks used for deemed and scaled savings (in case deemed or scaled savings are used) (point 1(c) of Annex V)
	How is materiality of savings ensured? (point 3(h) of Annex V)

4.e) Possible overlaps (between policy measures and between individual actions) and double counting

To be updated	
	Possible overlaps between individual actions eligible to the EEO scheme <i>(mention here how such overlaps are taken into account in the savings calculations ; for example interactions between insulation of walls and replacement of heating system)</i>
	Possible overlaps between the EEO scheme and alternative measure(s) reported to Article 7
	How are possible overlaps (between the EEO scheme and alternative measures) addressed to avoid any double counting of energy savings? (point 3(g) of Annex V)

4.f) Climatic variations (where relevant) (points 2(h) and 5(i) of Annex V)

To be updated	
	Are the climatic variations between regions? And can they affect the actions eligible to the policy measure?

(where relevant) How climatic variations are addressed in savings calculations?

5) Monitoring and verification (M&V) of savings (point 5(j) of Annex V)

To be updated

5.a) Brief description of the monitoring & verification system and of the process of verification

5.b) Authorities responsible for the M&V of the policy measure

5.c) Independence of the M&V from the participating or entrusted parties (point 2 of article 7b)

5.d) Verification of statistically representative samples (point 2 of Article 7b)

(Explain here how verification of statistically representative samples of actions is ensured, and the criteria used to define and select representative samples)

5.f) Publication of energy savings achieved each year under the policy measure (point 3(e) of Annex V)

5.g) Penalties applied in case of non-compliance (and related references, including the law or other legal texts setting the penalties and related conditions)

5.h) Provision(s) in case the progress of the policy measure is not satisfactory (point 3(f) of Annex V)

Information about quality standards (point 2(g) of Annex V)

Useful information How are quality standards (for products, services and installation of measures) promoted or required by the policy measure?

Complementary information or explanations (optional)

Useful information Mention here any other information of explanation that can be useful for experience sharing

